# Renault Safrane



RAULT SOLDIERED ON WITH THE 25 way beyond its realistic sell-by date, concentrating instead on launching the Clio, updating the 19 and refettling the Espace.

The big, executive 25 was a pleasant ride for passengers, but wasn't a great driver's car because it lacked appeal-at-the-wheel and mechanical refinement. Neither was it as roomy inside as its external size suggested.

But recently, Renault laid the old 25 to rest, replacing it with an up-to-date successor for the Granada-size class, the Safrane. The four-model range consists of three trim and equipment levels.

The engine is now mounted transversely, to the benefit of cabin space, but, like its predecessor, the Safrane remains faithful to a hatchback-only body style. Engine options are also limited, being confined to a two-litre four-cylinder or a three-litre V6; there's no diesel, yet.

Two-litre models have a five-speed manual gearbox, with automatic as standard on the three-litre or as an option on the two-litre.

The smart, spacious cabin has a neat and well laid

out facia and an easily adjustable driving position. The controls look, feel and function better than they did on the 25, too. Mid- and top-range versions have a multi-function trip computer and safety-check system. If you don't like the voice synthesiser that goes with it, you can switch it off.

This smooth and torquey two-litre produces a competitive 135bhp from its tractable, fuel-injected 12-valve engine, but the Safrane's solid, made-to-last feel comes at the expense of substantial kerb weight. The modest power-to-weight ratio tells against the stopwatch at the lower end of the scale, but even so, its 125mph top speed is quick enough, while 11sec for the 30 to 70mph dash (or over 30sec in fifth gear) indicates acceptably brisk performance.

Fuel economy isn't too bad. We averaged a respectable 29mpg overall, but expect more like the low-to-mid twenties around town or in hard driving. Fortunately, a big fuel tank allows an above-average 450 to 500 miles between refills.

Even without the top model's computer-controlled suspension, the Safrane acquits itself on the road in accomplished fashion. It's tauter than the 25 and

Continued on page 3

#### 371/2-511/2 81/2/271/2 $42^{1/2}$ $64^{3/4}$ $30^{3}/_{4}$ 3364 6 \*"Typical" represents the mean measurement behind the driver's seat set at 39in legroom and the passenger's seat set at 41in Kerb weight in Ib (full of fuel) (under load cover) (to tailgate hinge) **H** Load floor width (min - max) K Sill height (inner/outer) **MEASUREMENTS G** Load length J Load height L Load length M Load height 1861/2 $108^{3/4}$ $37 - 38^{1/2}$ 301/2-41 541/4 $31^{3/4}$ 37 39 \* 713/4 with mirrors folded ω Dimensions (inches) (between armrests) (without sunroof) A Front headroom C Rear headroom D Back seat width Inside (inches) **B** Front legroom (min - max) E Typical rear \* legroom F Typical rear kneeroom 563/4 **\***08 ×77 X 7 77 7 7 7 × 77 ideally the braking curve should be a gentle sweep and lie within the Braking efficiency shown as a percentage of gravity (ie 100% = 1.0g) shaded zone of this graph. If it's above, the brakes are too heavy; if it's below, they are too light - although this is more acceptable on Steering true 'feel' of the road? 100 110 120 powerful? sensible effort? convenient? shielded filler? rears - effective? convenient? fade resistant? front - effective? front- effective? rear - effective? thoroughly padded? protected tank? Safety check list Brakes (with ABS) How pedal loads affect braking efficiency (%) Head restraints 6 Seatbelts Brakes Interior SAFETY 8 Fuel 20 cars with ABS. When the curve becomes broken, the ABS How hard use affects braking (Ideal brakes show no change) 321/2% 9 93% / 90ft 28 32 38 20 Pedal load needed for 40 Handbrake only 75% stop (lb) After constant use is operating. Fade test 30 50-0mph best stop severe use Pedal load (Ib) At start of test After 2 2 8 9 20 40 30 125 mph 2 mpg 31.2 22.8 24-26 28-30 32-34 29 75 litres/480 miles 16.0/11.8 1.1 18.1 \*based on fuel gauge/warning lamp and filling station experience 115 1/4 mile 84 9 9 7.3 22.8 16.7 15.1/11.1 Fuel grade for tests: unleaded Premium, 95 octane 99 32 10.9 FUEL CONSUMPTION PERFORMANCE 5635 0-60mph 20 20 5th 11.0 4.3 15.2 15.2/11.0 Acceleration time in seconds 6350<sup>†</sup> 3.6 4th 40 40 0-30mph Maximum speeds 5.6 $6250^{*}$ Hard driving, heavy traffic Brisk driving, mixed roads Gentle driving, rural roads 2.0 7.7 16.5/11.9 Typical mpg overall \*for best acceleration † rev limiter operating Realistic tank range\* 2nd 30 30 3rd Normal range STANDING THROUGH mph RANGES 20 mph 5ТН/4ТН MINUTE GEARS SPEED START IN 4TH IN STH GEAR GEAR REVS PER 뽀

2

better controlled, with less of the old Gallic floating sensations over crests and dips.

Light, easy power steering is standard on all models, so making things decidedly easy around town, although the steering may be a little too light for keener drivers.

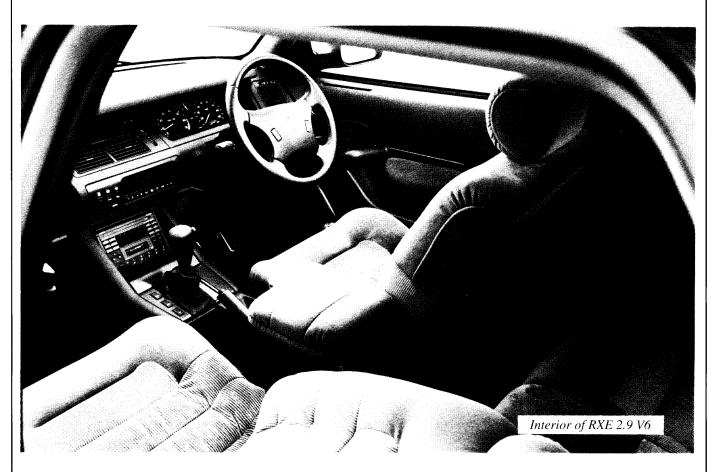
Braking is also well up to the mark, with big powerful discs at each corner, plus the reassurance of Bosch's latest-generation ABS on all models. Ultimate stopping power proved rather disappointing in our track tests, however.

There's no shortage of creature comforts to choose from and the Safrane offers a quiet, subdued and roomy cabin in which to enjoy them. It's a very comfortable five-seater, with deep, roomy space for the luggage at the back. Access is through a wide, easy-lifting tailgate that reaches down to bumper level.

The Safrane makes a big leap forward in the area of build quality. Not only does it look and feel well screwed together, but Renault's plastic mouldings and interiors get better at each attempt. All the electronic wizardry could prove troublesome and expensive if unreliability occurs a few years down the road, though.

#### VERDICT

The Safrane has managed the neat trick of building on the 25's strong points, yet at the same time making big advances in refinement, build quality, styling and comfort for passengers and driver alike. Although the performance is nothing to get too excited about on the smaller-engined version, the lower-range models are certainly quite keenly priced and deserve to attract buyers a good deal more readily than the 25 ever did.



HOW THEY COMPARE	Engine cap/power (cc/bhp)	Max speed (mph)	30-70mph through gears (sec)	30-70mph in 5th/4th gears (sec)	Fuel economy (mpg)	Brakes best stop (%g/lb)	Maximum legroom – front (in)	Typical leg/ kneeroom – rear (in)	Steering turns/ circle (ft)	Overall length (in)
Renault Safrane 2.0RT	1995/135	125	11.1	31.2/22.8	29	83/40*	41	39/313/4	3.2/35 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> (p)	1861/2
Alfa Romeo 164 2.0 Twin Spark	1962/143	127	10.0	27.3/19.3	321/2	95/75*	42	39/293/4	3.3/36 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> (p)	1791/2
Citroën XM 2.0i	1998/128	122	10.2	24.9/15.8	30	95/30*	44	403/4/321/4	3/35 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> (p)	1851/2
Ford Granada 2.0EFi Executive	1998/123	118	11.3	26.6/19.4	30	96/40*	42	433/4/333/4	3/34 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> (p)	1863/4
Peugeot 605 2.0SLi	1998/120	121	10.8	27.6/18.6	291/2	89/30*	423/4	41/331/2	3.3/36 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> (p)	186
Rover 820Si	1994/134	130	9.2	23.3/15.3	32	90/70*	43	41/311/2	3.2/39 (p)	1921/4
Toyota Camry 2.2	2165/134	124	9.3	22.0/15.5	321/2	105/60*	43	411/4/291/4	3.1/36 (p)	186
Volvo 850 2.0GLT	1984/143	122	9.6	26.9/18.7	$30^{1}/_{2}$	86/40*	431/4	40/321/2	3.2/34 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> (p)	1831/2
						*with AE	BS		(p) power as	sisted



## TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION

#### **ENGINE**

**Type and size** front-mounted, transverse 4 in line; water-cooled. 88mm bore x 82mm stroke = 1995cc. Aluminium alloy block and cylinder head; 5 main bearings

#### Compression ratio 9.3:1

Valve gear single belt-driven overhead camshaft actuating three valves per cylinder via rockers

**Fuel system** electronic multi-point fuel injection, three-way regulated catalyser with lambda sensor. 80-litre (17.6-gallon) tank, with low-fuel warning lamp, range-to-empty function on trip computer and voice synthesiser warning. Fuel required: unleaded only, 95 octane minimum

**Ignition system** fully programmed electronic, integral with fuel injection, via coil and distributor

Maximum power 135bhp at 6000rpm Maximum torque 128 lb ft at 4500rpm

## TRANSMISSION

**Clutch** 8.5in dry plate, diaphragm-spring; cable-operated. Pedal load/travel: 28 lb/5<sup>1</sup>/2in

**Gearbox** 5-speed (all synchromesh) and reverse. Ratios: first 3.91, second 2.21, third 1.48, fourth 1.10, top 0.90 and reverse 3.64:1 (4-speed automatic standard on 3.0 V6, optional on 2.0 litre)

Final drive 3.52:1, to front wheels

Mph per 1000rpm 22.2 in top, 18.0 in 4th

Rpm at 70mph 3155 in top gear

### **CHASSIS**

Suspension front: independent by MacPherson damper/struts, coil springs, lower arms and an anti-roll bar. Rear: independent by struts, coil springs, twin transverse links/radius arm and an anti-roll bar. Dampers: telescopic all round (Computer Controlled Suspension: three-way

(Computer Controlled Suspension: three-way adjustable damping and self-levelling standard on 3.0RXE, optional on 2.0 litre)

**Steering** power-assisted rack and pinion with 3.2 turns between full locks. Turning circles average 35<sup>3</sup>/4ft between kerbs, with 55<sup>1</sup>/2ft circle for one turn of the wheel

**Wheels** 6Jx15 steel (optional lattice pattern alloys fitted to test car) with 195/60R15 88H tyres (Pirelli P4000 on test car)

**Brakes** 10.3in ventilated discs front, 10.4in solid discs rear, with vacuum servo. Bosch four-channel anti-lock standard on all models